

Technical Report

C/24086/T01

Project

The Laboratory Measurement of Random Incidence Sound Absorption Coefficient of an Acoustic Panel

Prepared for

Syska Acoustics Ltd

By

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Summary

Tests have been done in SRL's Laboratory at Holbrook House, Sudbury, Suffolk, to determine the random incidence sound absorption coefficient of an acoustic panel in accordance with BS EN ISO 354:2003.

From these measurements, the required results have been derived and are presented in both tabular and graphic form in Data Sheet I.

The results are given in 1/3rd octave bands over the frequency range 50 Hz to 10 kHz, which is beyond that required by the test standard. Measurements outside the standard frequency range are not UKAS accredited.



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Tester

For and on behalf of

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George Thomson

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1.0 Details of Measurements

1.1 Location

Sound Research Laboratories
Holbrook House
Little Waldingfield
Sudbury
Suffolk
CO10 0TF

1.2 Test Date

20 June 2018

1.3 Tester

Richard Calvert of SRL Technical Services Limited

1.4 Instrumentation and Apparatus Used

Make	Description	Type
E D I	Microphone Multiplexer Microphone Power Supply Unit	
Norwegian Electronics	Real Time Analyser	830

Brüel & Kjaer	Windshields	UA0237
	Pre Amplifiers	2669C
	Microphone Calibrator	4231
	Omnipower Sound Source	4296
Larson Davis	12mm Condenser Microphone	2560
Oregon Scientific	Temperature & Humidity & Probe	THGR810
TOA	Graphic Equalizer	E-1231
QSC Audio	Power Amplifier	RMX 1450
G.R.A.S	Pre Amplifiers	26AK

1.5 References

BS EN ISO 354:2003	Measurement of sound absorption in a reverberation room
BS EN ISO 11654:1997	Sound absorbers for use in buildings. Rating of sound absorption.

2.0 Description of Test

2.1 Description of Sample

An acoustic panel was tested. See Section 3 for details.

Sampling plan: Enough for test

Sample condition: New

Details supplied by: Syska Acoustics Ltd

Sample installed by: Syska Acoustics Ltd

2.2 Sample Delivery date

20 June 2018

2.3 Test Procedures

The sample was mounted/located and tested in accordance with the relevant standard. The method and procedure are described in Appendix A. The measurement uncertainty is given in Appendix B. The mounting method used is described in Appendix C.

3.0 Results

The results of the measurements and subsequent analysis are given in Data Sheet I and summarised below.

Results relate only to the items tested.

SRL Test No.	Description in Brief	α_w
2	Quest Panel – 12mm thick	0.40 (MH)

Data Sheet 1

The Laboratory Measurement of Random Incidence Sound Absorption to BS EN ISO 354:2003

Client: Syska Acoustics Ltd
 Test Date: 20/06/2018

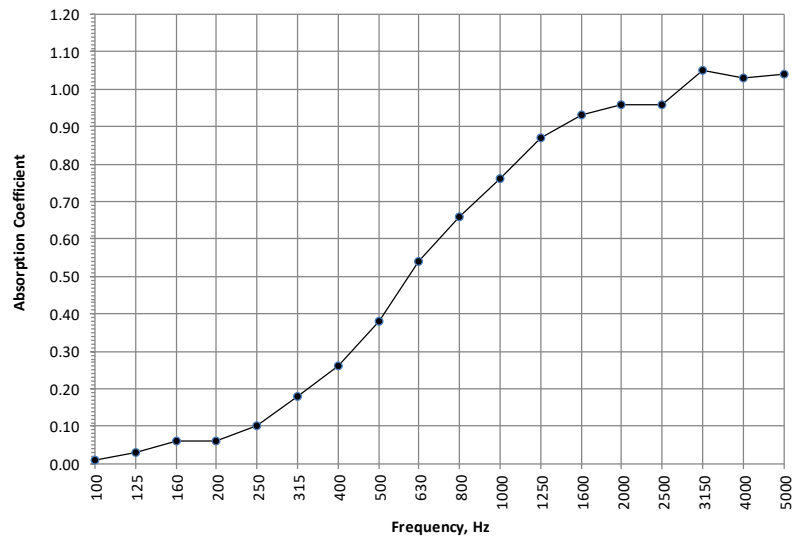
Empty Room: Temperature: 19.8 °C Humidity: 66 %RH Pressure: 1013 mbar
 Room with Sample: Temperature: 19.8 °C Humidity: 66 %RH Pressure: 1013 mbar
 Sample Description: Quest Panel - 12mm thick

Mounting Method: A
 Sample Area: 12.96 m²
 Chamber Volume: 300 m³

Test 2

Freq Hz	T1 sec	T2 sec	Absorp Coeff α_s	Practical Absorp Coeff #
50*	4.27	4.75	-0.09	
63*	5.11	4.95	0.02	n/a
80*	7.35	7.24	0.01	
100	6.84	6.71	0.01	
125	7.63	7.23	0.03	0.05
160	7.26	6.53	0.06	
200	7.63	6.74	0.06	
250	8.01	6.64	0.10	0.10
315	7.89	5.70	0.18	
400	7.38	4.86	0.26	
500	6.60	3.94	0.38	0.40
630	6.01	3.22	0.54	
800	6.11	2.93	0.66	
1000	6.62	2.82	0.76	0.75
1250	6.25	2.55	0.87	
1600	5.70	2.36	0.93	
2000	5.25	2.24	0.96	0.95
2500	4.66	2.12	0.96	
3150	3.97	1.88	1.05	
4000	3.24	1.71	1.03	1.00
5000	2.67	1.53	1.04	
6300*	1.90	1.23	1.07	
8000*	1.54	1.08	1.03	n/a
10000*	1.11	0.87	0.93	

Sound Absorption Coefficient



α_w 0.40(MH)

Class D

Calculated to EN ISO 11654:1997

NRC 0.55

Calculated to ASTM C 423-01

* Denotes frequencies outside the range covered by BS EN ISO 354:2003

T1, empty room reverberation time
 T2, room reverberation time with sample

Appendix A – Test Procedure – Plane Absorbers

Measurements of Random Incidence Sound Absorption

Coefficients to BS EN ISO 354:2003 - TP14 (Plane Absorbers)

In the laboratory, random incidence sound absorption coefficients are determined from the rate of decay of a sound field in a reverberation room, with and without a test sample installed. The rate of decay is described by the time a sound field takes to decay by 60dB, known as the reverberation time.

The reverberation room is constructed from 215mm brick, which is internally plastered with a reinforced concrete roof and floor. The reverberation room is rectangular, measuring 8.3 metres long, 6.7 metres wide and 5.4 metres high. The volume is 300m³, the total surface area, 275m². From the ceiling hang 10 randomly positioned diffusers, with a total surface area (for one side) of 20m². The room is isolated from the surrounding structure by the use of resilient mountings and seals, ensuring good acoustic isolation.

Using at least two omnidirectional loudspeaker positions, broad band random noise is produced in the room using an electronic generator and power amplifier. When the amplification system is switched off, the decay of sound is filtered into one-third octave band widths and the reverberation times measured. This process is repeated for each of six microphone positions and the values arithmetically averaged to obtain a final value for each frequency.

The sample area should normally be between 10m² and 15.7m², this may be larger if it is suspected that the absorption properties will be low. The sample is laid on the floor of the reverberation room so that no part of it is closer than one metre from any edge of the boundaries. The procedure of measuring the reverberation times then repeated.

The sound absorption coefficients are calculated from the difference in decay rates for each frequency according to the formula:

$$\alpha_s = \frac{A_T}{S}$$

where

α_s is the random incidence absorption coefficient

- A_T is the increase in equivalent sound absorption area of the test specimen (m^2)
- S is the area covered by the test specimen (m^2)

The equivalent absorption area of the test specimen is further defined as:

$$A_T = 55.3V \left(\frac{1}{c_2 T_2} - \frac{1}{c_1 T_1} \right) - 4V(m_2 - m_1)$$

where

- V is the volume of the empty reverberation room (m^3)
- c_1 is the speed of sound in the empty room (m/sec)
- T_1 is the reverberation time in the empty room (sec)
- m_1 is the power attenuation coefficient calculated according to ISO 9613-1 using the climatic conditions that have been present in the empty room during the measurement.

c_2 , T_2 and m_2 have the same meanings as c_1 , T_1 and m_1 but with the test specimen in the room.

It is occasionally found that the absorption coefficient derived in this manner reaches a value greater than unity. This is impossible, by definition, and investigation has shown that this anomaly is due to diffraction of the impinging sound waves at the edges of the sample. In practical terms this is insignificant.

Appendix B – Measurement Uncertainty

BS EN ISO 354:2003 - TPI4

I. Introduction

The estimated values of uncertainty are based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of $K = 2$, which provides a level of confidence of approximately 95%.

Table I: Uncertainty for Equivalent Absorption Area Measurement

Frequency, Hz	Expanded uncertainty K = 2, 95% % of A ₁ or A ₂
100	9.0
125	8.1
160	5.6
200	6.7
250	4.3
315	8.1
400	4.6
500	5.0
630	5.3
800	3.2
1000	3.5
1250	3.1
1600	2.8
2000	2.7
2500	2.2
3150	1.8
4000	1.6
5000	1.6

2. Estimation of Expanded Uncertainty For Sample Equivalent Sound Absorption Area

The expanded uncertainty, U_A, m^2 is estimated by using the following formulae:-

$$U_A = \sqrt{\left(\frac{uA_1}{100}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{uA_2}{100}\right)^2}$$

Where

- U_A is the expanded uncertainty for the sample equivalent sound absorption area, for $K = 2$, 95%, m^2
- u is the estimated expanded uncertainty for the equivalent sound absorption area, taken from Table I above, $K = 2$, 95%, % of A_1 or A_2
- A_1 is the equivalent sound absorption area of the empty room, m^2
- A_2 is the equivalent sound absorption area of the room with the sample, m^2

3. Estimation of expanded Uncertainty for Sound Absorption Coefficients

The expanded uncertainty for sound absorption coefficients, U_{α_s} , is estimated using the following formulae:-

$$U_{\alpha_s} = \frac{\alpha_s U_A}{A}$$

where

- U_{α_s} is the expanded uncertainty for sound absorption coefficients, $K=2$, 95%
- α_s is the sound absorption coefficient
- U_A is the expanded uncertainty for the sample equivalent sound absorption area, $K=2$, 95%, m^2
- A is the sample equivalent sound absorption area, m^2

Appendix C – Mounting methods

Descriptions of Test Specimen Mountings for Sound Absorption Tests

BS EN ISO 354:2003 describes various test specimen mountings. The one used is briefly described as follows:

Type A Mounting

Test specimen placed directly against a room surface. The specimen may be held in place with adhesive or mechanical fasteners providing there is no resulting air space between the specimen and room surface.

Sudbury Consultancy

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